(XLVth YEAR.) THE (No. 2261.)

MARYLAND GAZETTE.

THURSDAY, MAY 13, 1790.

Proceedings of Congress.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES OF THE UNITED STATES.

MONDAY, *April* 26.

ON motion of Mr. Fitzſimons, ſeconded by Mr. Burke, the committee of the whole was diſcharged from further proceedings on the report of the ſecretary at war, relative to a plan for the organization and government of the militia of the United States. The report was then referred to a ſelect committee.

Mr Fitzſimons moved, that the committee of the whole ſhould, for the preſent, be diſcharged from further proceeding on that part of the report of the ſecretary of the treaſury, which relates to the aſſumption of the ſtate debts.

This motion produced a warm though deſultory debate.

Mr. Gerry, Mr. Vining, Mr. Smith, (S. C.) Mr. Ames, Mr. Bland and Mr. Sherman, oppoſed the motion. It was ſupported by Mr. Madiſon, Mr. Jackſon, Mr. Stone and Mr. Page.

Mr. Vining moved the previous queſtion, which being put in the manner following, "ſhall the main queſtion be now put?" It was reſolved in the affirmative, ayes 32, noes 19.

The yeas and nays were then taken on the motion of Mr. Fitzſimons, to wit: That the committee of the whole be, for the preſent, diſcharged from that part of the report of the ſecretary of the treaſury which relates to an aſſumption of the ſtate debts.

A Y E S.

Meſſieurs Aſhe, Baldwin, Bloodworth, Brown, Carroll, Clymer, Coles, Contee, Fitzſimons, Floyd, Gilman, Griffin, Jackſon, Lee, Madiſon, Matthews, Moore, Muhlenberg, Page, Parker, Renſſelaer, Schureman, Scott, Seney, Sinnickſon, Smith, (M.) Steele, Stone, Stumpter, White, Williamſon, Wynkoop. 32.

N O E S.

Meſſieurs Ames, Bland, Boudinot, Burke, Foſter, Gerry, Goodhue, Grout, Huntington, Livermore, Sherman, Sylveſter, Smith, (S. C.) Sturges, Thatcher, Tucker, Vining, Wadſworth. 18.

So the queſtion was carried in the affirmative.

The houſe then went into a committee on the report of the ſecretary of the treaſury.

Mr. Livermore in the chair.

The committee having agreed to certain reſolutions, roſe and reported the ſame.

The houſe took the ſaid report into conſideration, and agreed to the ſame, which report is in the words following:

Reſolved, That adequate proviſion ought to be made for fulfilling the engagements of the United States, in reſpect to their foreign debt.

Reſolved, That permanent funds ought to be appropriated for the payment of intereſt on, and the gradual diſcharge of, the domeſtic debt of the United States.

Reſolved, That the arrears of intereſt, including intereſt iſſued in payment thereof, ought to be provided for on the ſame terms with the principal of the ſaid debt.

Reſolved, That it is adviſable to endeavour to effect a new modification of the domeſtic debt, with the voluntary conſent of the creditors, by a loan, upon terms mutually beneficial to them and to the United States.

Reſolved, That for the purpoſe expreſſed in the laſt preceding reſolution, ſubſcriptions towards a loan ought to be opened, to the amount of the ſaid domeſtic debt, upon the terms following, viz.

That for every hundred dollars ſubſcribed, payable to the ſaid debt (as well intereſt as principal) the ſubſcriber be entitled at his option, either

To have two thirds funded at an annuity or yearly intereſt of ſix per cent. redeemable at the pleaſure of the government by payment of the principal, and to receive the other third in lands in the Weſtern Territory, at the rate of twenty cents per acre; or,

To have the whole ſum funded at an annuity or yearly intereſt of four per cent. irredeemable by any payment exceeding ſix dollars per annum, on account both of principal and intereſt, and to receive as a compenſation for the reduction of intereſt, fifteen dollars and eighty cents, payable in lands as in the preceding caſe; or,

To have ſixty-ſix dollars, and two thirds of a dollar, funded immediately at an annuity or yearly intereſt of ſix per cent. irredeemable by any payment exceeding ſix dollars per annum, on account both of principal and intereſt, and to have, at the end of ſeven years, thirty-three dollars and one third of a dollar, funded at the like intereſt and rate of redemption.

Reſolved, That the funds which ſhall be appropriated according to the ſecond of the foregoing reſolutions, be applied, in the firſt place, to the payment of intereſt on the ſums ſubſcribed towards the propoſed loan—and that, if any part of the ſaid domeſtic debt ſhall remain unſubſcribed, the ſurplus of the ſaid funds be applied, by a temporary appropriation to the payment of intereſt on the unſubſcribed part, ſo as not to exceed for the preſent four per cent. per annum, but this limitation, ſhall not be underſtood to impair the right of the non-ſubſcribing creditors to the reſidue of the intereſt on their reſpective debts: And in caſe the aforeſaid ſurplus ſhould prove inſufficient to pay the non-ſubſcribing creditors at the aforeſaid rate of four per cent. that the faith of government be pledged to make good ſuch deficiency.

Mr. Stone, Mr. White, Mr. Sherman, Mr. Clymer and Mr. Gilman, were appointed a committee to prepare and bring in a bill conformable to theſe reſolutions.

Mr. Gerry propoſed a reſolution, that a committee, to conſiſt of a member from each ſtate, and an equal number for and againſt the aſſumption, be appointed to conſider of and report a plan of accommodation on this ſubject.

This motion was laid on the table for further conſideration.

TUESDAY, *April* 27.

Mr. Boudinot, of the committee appointed to bring in a bill providing for the mitigation of forfeitures accruing under the revenue laws, brought in a report, which was read.

A report from the poſtmaſter-general, purſuant to orders of the houſe, was read, relative to the eſtabliſhment of poſt-offices on the croſs roads, tranſportation of the mails, &c. alſo, a report from the ſame officer on the memorial of Chriſtopher Colles, reſpecting a ſurvey of the roads of the United States.

A meſſage from the ſenate, by their ſecretary, was received, informing the houſe, that they have paſſed a bill to continue the act, paſſed the laſt ſeſſion, for regulating the proceſſes in the judicial courts of the United States.

Mr. Gilman, of the committee of enrolment, reported, that the joint committee had examined the enrolled bill, entitled, An act to regulate the military eſtabliſhment of the United States. The ſpeaker ſigned this act.

In committee of the whole on the report of the ſecretary of the treaſury for the ſupport of the public credit.

Mr. Fitzſimons obſerved, that the houſe having determined the rate of intereſt on, and the mode of funding the domeſtic debt of the United States—it remains to deviſe the ways and means. In order to bring the ſubject before the committee, he propoſed reſolutions, containing extracts from the report, of the duties propoſed by the ſecretary of the treaſury. Theſe reſolutions were read by the clerk as follows, viz. Reſolved, That from and after the day of next, the duties heretofore laid upon wines, diſtilled ſpirits, teas and coffee, ſhall ceaſe, and that, inſtead of them, the following duties be laid, viz. Reſolved, That

Upon every gallon of Madeira wine, of the quality of London particular, there be paid a duty of thirty-five cents.

Upon every gallon of other Madeira wine, thirty cents.

Upon every gallon of ſherry, twenty-five cents.

Upon every gallon of other wine, twenty cents.

Upon every gallon of diſtilled ſpirits, more than ten per cent. below proof, according to Dicas's hydrometer, twenty cents.

Upon every gallon of thoſe ſpirits under five, and not more than ten, per cent. below proof, according to the ſame hydrometer, twenty-one cents.

Upon every gallon of thoſe ſpirits of proof, and not more than five per cent. below proof, according to the ſame hydrometer, twenty-two cents.

Upon every gallon of thoſe ſpirits above proof, but not exceeding twenty per cent. according to the ſame hydrometer, twenty-five cents.

Upon every gallon of thoſe ſpirits more than twenty, and not more than forty per cent. above proof, according to the ſame hydrometer, thirty cents.

Upon every gallon of thoſe ſpirits more than forty per cent. above proof, according to the hydrometer, forty cents.

Upon every pound of hyſon tea, forty cents.

Upon every pound of other green tea, twenty-four cents.

Upon every pound of ſouchong and other black teas, except bohea, twenty cents.

Upon every pound of bohea tea, twelve cents.

Upon every pound of coffee, five cents.

That upon ſpirits diſtilled within the United States, from moläſſes, ſugar, or other foreign materials, there be paid—

Upon every gallon of thoſe ſpirits more than ten per cent. below proof, according to Dicas's hydrometer, eleven cents.

Upon every gallon of thoſe ſpirits under five, and not more than ten per cent. below proof, according to the ſame hydrometer, twelve cents.

Upon every gallon of thoſe ſpirits of proof, and not more than five per cent. below proof, according to the ſame hydrometer, thirteen cents.

Upon every gallon of thoſe ſpirits, above proof, but not exceeding twenty per cent. according to the ſame hydrometer, fifteen cents.

Upon every gallon of thoſe ſpirits more than twenty, and not more than forty per cent. above proof, according to the ſame hydrometer, twenty cents.

Upon every gallon of thoſe ſpirits more than forty per cent. above proof, according to the ſame hydrometer, thirty cents.

Reſolved, That upon ſpirits diſtilled within the United States, in any city, town or village, from materials of the growth or production of the United States, there be paid—

Upon every gallon of thoſe ſpirits more than ten per cent. below proof, according to Dicas's hydrometer, nine cents.

Upon every gallon of thoſe ſpirits under five, and not more than ten per cent. below proof, according to the ſame hydrometer, ten cents.

Upon every gallon of thoſe ſpirits of proof, and not more than five per cent. below proof, according to the ſame hydrometer, eleven cents.

Upon every gallon of thoſe ſpirits above proof, but not exceeding twenty per cent. according to the ſame hydrometer, thirteen cents.

Upon every gallon of thoſe ſpirits more than twenty, and not more than forty per cent. above proof, according to the ſame hydrometer, ſeventeen cents.

Upon every gallon of thoſe ſpirits more than forty per cent. above proof, according to the ſame hydrometer, twenty-five cents.

Reſolved, That upon all ſtills employed in diſtilling ſpirits from materials of the growth or production of the United States, in any other place than a city, town or village, there be paid the yearly ſum of ſixty cents for every gallon, Engliſh wine meaſure, of the capacity of each ſtill, including its head.

Theſe reſolutions were agreed to in committee, and reported to the houſe; the houſe immediately took the ſame into conſideration, and adopted the report with an amendment to the duty on ſtills, propoſed by Mr. Parker in the following words: "Or cents per gallon on ſpirits diſtilled from grain—and cents per gallon on ſpirits diſtilled from fruit, in ſuch ſtills."

A committee was then appointed, conſiſting of Mr. Fitzſimons, Mr. Huntington, Mr. Jackſon, Mr. Contee and Mr. Bloodworth, to bring in a bill conformable to the ſaid reſolutions.

In committee of the whole on the bill providing the means of intercourſe between the United States and foreign nations.

By this bill it was propoſed that 50,000 dollars be appropriated for the purpoſes therein mentioned,

That a miniſter plenipotentiary be allowed the ſum of 11,250 dollars, and a charge des affaires 4,500 dollars, per annum. The committee reduced the above ſums to the following, viz. 30,000 dollars the appropriation, 9,000 to a miniſter plenipotentiary, and 3,000 to a charge des affaires.

The clauſe reſpecting a year's ſalary as a douceur, it was moved ſhould be ſtruck out, which was carried.

Each miniſter, &c. to be allowed one quarter's ſalary from the time of their being recalled.

The committee then roſe, and reported the bill with amendments.

Mr. Gilman moved that an addition of ſeven members be made to the committee appointed to bring in a bill providing for the national defence; which was done.

The committee of the whole was diſcharged from from further proceeding on the poſt-office bill; and the bill with the report of the poſtmaſter-general were referred to a ſelect committee, conſiſting of a member from each ſtate.

The bill for accepting the ceſſion of the light-houſe within the bar of the harbour of Charleſton it was moved ſhould be referred to the ſecretary of the treaſury—which was voted in the affirmative. Adjourned.

LONDON, *March* 1.

SO warm a party ſpirit is excited at Mancheſter, by the application of the Diſſenters for a repeal of the teſt act, that upwards of three hundred gentlemen have formed themſelves into a club for the ſupport of the church; they wear an uniform of blue, with ſcarlet collars, the collegiate church on the button, with the motto "*pro Aris et Focis.*"

According to the accounts from Courland, there has been a commotion in that Duchy.—About 800 peaſants waited on the duke, and deſired him to open the corn magazines, and to depoſe the bailiff of Grimhoff. The duke granted both, and thereby reſtored tranquillity.

The French aſſembly have ſettled penſions upon ſuch of the monks as chooſe to leave the monaſteries.

Letters from Vienna of the 13th inſtant, ſay, they have no hopes of a peace with the Porte, as the lateſt advices from Conſtantinople aſſert, that the grand ſignior is determined to carry on the war.

The accounts from Warſaw are totally different; they mention that the preliminaries are nearly finiſhed for ſigning, and that prince Potemkin has had forty horſes got ready at Nimirow to carry news thereof to different quarters.

Mr. Weſley, though near 90 years of age, is again going on a preaching viſitation through the north of England.

Cornwall.—The gentlemen there have ſubſcribed three thouſand pounds to retail corn to the poor at prime coſt.

On the 25th of February, a committee of American merchants had a conference by appointment with the miniſter, concerning what ſteps may be proper to be purſued to recover the debts which are outſtanding and due from the Americans, contracted ſince the year 1776.

The king of Sardinia, it is now ſaid, is to make a diverſion in the next campaign in favour of Auſtria. A ſimilar effort is alſo expected to be made in favour of Ruſſia, by the princes of Cuban, Tartary, and Circaſſia.

The emperor has laid a new tax on proviſions, and all other common neceſſaries (except wood) in Vienna. And every perſon capable of bearing arms, is to be ſent to the armies.

The pope has certainly interfered in behalf of the emperor, in the diſputes in the Belgick provinces, by

ſending a brief to all the biſhops, exhorting them to uſe all their power and influence to re eſtabliſh peace and tranquility.

An order has been iſſued at Dublin to ſtop the departure of three veſſels loaded with flour for France, the price of corn having riſen above the ſtandard for exporting before it was poſſible to derive the benefits of the adventure, by ſailing to the ports of their deſtination.

The Spaniſh homeward bound fleet of Galleons, all arrived at Cadiz, between the 27th and firſt ult.

The emperor's decree in favour of the Hungarians has been publicly proclaimed, and is to have effect from the firſt of May next. The tribunals of the kingdom, as well civil as military, will from that time adminiſter juſtice according to the ancient forms.

A large detatchment of the garriſon of Vienna has already quitted the capital, on its march towards Bohemia.

The king of Sardinia's preparations for war keep pace with any power on the continent, and are now more openly made than heretofore.—The augmentations of the army, by the addition of fifteen men to each company of infantry, and ten to every troop of cavalry, is juſt completed; magazines of proviſions are collecting, and orders are given for 3000 tents to be made immediately.

The king of Sweden has publiſhed an ordinance, exhorting all his ſubjects, inhabitants of the coaſt, to take up arms in defence of their cantons, and ſhare with him the danger and the glory of the war. This exhortation has had the deſired effect; the Swedes are earneſtly ſeconding the formidable preparations of their king, and every thing portends an active campaign.

The viſcount Mirabeau has fought another duel; his antagoniſt is a deputy for a town in Bretagne. They fought at the deſperate diſtance of four paces only. Happily the viſcount eſcaped with the loſs of one of his curls and a piece of his ear.

March 3. To the account of the loſs of the Minerva frigate, in Carliſcrone harbour, is the melancholy addition by the laſt advices, that 17 of the crew periſhed in the flames.

Extract of a letter from Paris, January 26.

"We have accounts from Grenoble, that on the 2d of this month a violent ſhock of an earthquake was felt at Theys, a ſmall village ſituate in the mountains, at about three quarters of a mile diſtant from Grenoble; the ſame ſhock was alſo felt at Allemond."

March 16. The Swediſh miniſter at Copenhagen has formally declared that the terms of peace offered by the empreſs of Ruſſia have been rejected *in toto*, and that the king, his maſter, was fully determined to purſue the war with the utmoſt vigour.

Extract of a letter from Madrid, December 14.

"Government has been very attentive in preventing the circulation of any papers reſpecting the revolution in France—ſeveral however have been introduced into Spain, and ſome of them tranſlated into Spaniſh. The Inquiſition which has relaxed in perſecuting hereſy, now watches over the political orthodoxy of the nation, and has anathematized a number of their works.

"About three weeks ſince an ordinance was publiſhed here enjoining all perſons (excepting the grandees of Spain) who are not ſettled in the capital, and who cannot produce good reaſons for ſtaying, to leave Madrid in a fortnight, under penalty of a fine of 50 ducats, in caſe of diſobedience."

NASSAU, *April* 9, 1790.

The demand for grain and flour in the American ſtates, to ſupply the European and Weſt India markets, has enhanced the price of thoſe articles in an extraordinary degree; and, notwithſtanding their late abundant crop, excited apprehenſions of ſcarcity among the inhabitants.

Intelligence of this has had an immediate effect on the price of flour, Indian corn, and rice here.—Superfine flour has this week been ſold at ten and twelve dollars the barrel, rice at 26s. the 100lbs. and Indian corn at 8s the buſhel.

Thoſe of our planters who attended to raiſing their own proviſions, will now experience the benefit of it; and thoſe who did not, muſt be convinced of their imprudence in truſting to precarious ſupplies from abroad.

Late accounts from Antigua, inform us, that the good people of that Iſland felicitate themſelves highly on having at laſt got rid of the convicts mentioned in a former paper to have been landed at Barbuda, from whence they had diſtributed themſelves among the adjacent iſlands.

The ſame accounts mention, that admiral Sir John Laforcy, appointed to the command of the leeward Iſland ſquadron, was daily looked for.

At Martiniqus, in the beginning of laſt month, a miſunderſtanding took place between the inhabitants of St. Pierre, and the regiment de la Martinique.—Some conceſſion on the part of the inhabitants was required by the commanding officer of the corps: every thing of this ſort being refuſed by the inhabitants, the military were obliged to pocket what they deemed an inſult.

NEW-YORK, *May* 2.

Appointments.—By authority.

George Wray, collector for the port of Hampton, in Virginia, in the place of Jacob Wray, reſigned.

John M'Cullough, ſurveyor of the port of Swanſborough, and diſtrict of Wilmington, and William Benion, ſurveyor of the port of Windſor, in the diſtrict of Edenton, both in the ſtate of North-Carolina. In ſenate nominated and approved, April 29.

We hear, that yeſterday it was ordered in the ſenate of the United States, that Mr. Strong be added to the committee appointed "to conſider what proviſion will be proper for congreſs to make in the preſent ſeſſion, reſpecting the ſtate of Rhode-Iſland," in the ſtead of Mr. Butler, excuſed at his own deſire; his colleague being on the committee.

PITTSBURGH, *April* 27.

On Friday the 9th inſtant, ſix perſons having croſſed the Ohio river, about five miles on this ſide of Hollyday's Cove, to the Indian ſide, as it is commonly called, where they were attacked by a party of Indians, and five of them were made priſoners, the other got as far as the river, and attempted to croſs, but was purſued by the Indians, who fired at him ſeveral times, and it is ſuppoſed, killed him, as he has not ſince been heard of. This account may be relied on as authentic, as we have it from a gentleman immediately from the ſpot.

We are ſorry to remark, ſays a correſpondent, that the accounts from Kentucky, and the danger in going down the river, are very alarming: It appears evident that the Indians are determined on hoſtilities, and though they are not ſeen in large bodies, yet the great number of ſmall parties which keep continually watching the river bank, and cutting off the frontier inhabitants, bears an aſpect which is by no means favourable, but ſeems rather to threaten the people of Kentucky with a very troubleſome ſummer.

It may be well enough to inform thoſe who are not well acquainted with this country, and who may wiſh to remove thereto, that we are perfectly ſecure from any depredations of the Indians.

PHILADELPHIA, *May* 5.

A ſociety is now inſtituted in New-Jerſey, under the name of the Burlington ſociety for the promotion of agriculture, and domeſtic manufactures.—It is remarkable that the votes of the ſociety, by its conſtitution, are not to be valid, unleſs taken by means of grains of corn; the yellow grains to betoken the affirmative, and the red grains the negative.

Extract of a letter from London, February 15.

"It begins to be queſtioned whether the expence of bringing Mr. Haſtings to puniſhment for his abuſe of power in India, will not be greater than the object is worth. The charges againſt him are near 200l. conſequently the expence enormous, and beyond the bounds of rationality. Two ſeſſions are already paſſed away in hearing the evidence in proof of two articles only, and part of another. By analogy it will take 16 years to go through the proſecution; and three years may be added to this for defence and replication. Mr. Haſtings is now upwards of 56 years of age, ſo that ſhould his life be protracted to 70, he cannot ſee the end of his trial."

Extract of a letter from Stockholm, dated February 2.

"This winter is indeed wonderful. Several kinds of trees have been in bloom. Anemonies and other ſpring flowers were ſold about the ſtreets on New-Year's day. At this time it is difficult to gather an handful of ſnow. The ſeaſon is very wet; which is unfavourable to the grain in the ground, by ſoſtering a ſpecies of worm, that has done conſiderable damage."

Extract of a letter from London, dated March 18.

"Little change ſince my laſt, in public or private matters, with us, except the death of the emperors of Germany and Morocco, and that of the empreſs of Ruſſia, hourly expected, which it is probable, will cauſe ſome change in politics on our continent, which a little time muſt unfold."

A ſure method of raiſing Indian corn on poor ground, as experienced by a gentleman of the ſtate of New York.

Diſſolve ſalt-petre in water, ſo as to make it very ſtrong; ſoak your ſeed corn therein until it becomes ſwelled, then plant it in the uſual way; it will produce three times the crop, and will be ripe three weeks ſooner, than the ſame ſort of corn planted without ſoaking, on ground of the ſame quality and quantity.

From a London paper of March 11.

"After informing the deputies of the Brabantine States of the death of the emperor Joſeph, count J. Ph. de Cobenzal, on February 28, made them the following propoſals:

1. To withdraw the remainder of the troops, now in the caſtle of the Baurain and its neighbourhood, into the territory of the Luxemburg; as alſo thoſe at Limburg and Guelderland.

2. To raiſe the ſiege of Antwerp, and furniſh the garriſon with a ſufficiency for their ſubſiſtence.

3. To ſtop all further preparations of war.

4. To ſet at liberty all officers, ſoldiers and ſuch private perſons as have been confined on account of the troubles. This is alſo meant to include the priſoners in the caſtle of Luxemburg.

5. To forbid the printing and publiſhing all ſeditious and inflammatory pieces, and other writings tending to prolong the preſent troubles.

6. To deputiſe ſome of your body to confer with me upon the moſt eligible means of re-eſtabliſhing order, and taking the oaths of allegiance to the emperor Leopold, our new king and maſter, and to make the proper arrangements for his inauguration. Their, gentlemen, appear to me to be the wiſeſt ſteps you can take at this time. I ſhall count myſelf extremely happy if our united efforts can reſtore to the Belgic provinces that peace and felicity which the pleaſure of our ſovereign and the welfare of the people demands,

I have the honour to be, &c."

Extract from the reſolutions of the Brabant ſtates, March 4.

"Read the letter of count Cobenzal of 28th of February, 1790—Reſolved, that the ſame be printed, and no other anſwer made."

A gang of thieves, near 30 in number, which has for a long time infeſted Middleſex county, Maſſachuſetts, has lately been broken up. Thirteen of them, belonging to one family, were tried laſt week at Concord, from the grand-father down to the grand-child.

ANNAPOLIS, MAY 13.

The addreſs of a watch to its maſter, upon his journy through the continent of Time, to the region of Eternity.

LOOK here, kind traveller, and ſee my face,
'Tis mark'd with figures cover'd o'er with glaſs;
Alſo is fix'd, upon a central wheel,
Two hands, both which are made of poliſh'd ſteel:
The one points out the hours of each day,
The other ſwifter, doth in minutes ſay,
How faſt thy precious time doth flee away;
My name is *Watch*, and if thou could'ſt but read,
The ſimple *tic*, when in the mid-night ſhade,
I hang upon the *nail* that's o'er thy head,
Thou would'ſt not ſpend thy time as many do,
In gaudy vanity and empty ſhew,
But ſoon in CHRIST thy ſoul would ſeek to prove,
The length, and breadth of vaſt redeeming love.
"I ſerve thee here, with all my might,
"To tell the hour, both day and night,
"Therefore example, take by me,
"And ſerve thy God, as I ſerve thee.

For SALE,

A TRACT of LAND, containing one thouſand acres, lying in Calvert county, and ſituated on the bay, including Great Cove Point; of the tract there are one hundred and fifty acres of excellent marſh, and of the upland about two hundred and fifty acres cleared, part of it in culture; on the land there are two tobacco houſes 40 by 24, in good repair, and ſeveral ſmall houſes for the accommodation of tenants; two thriving young apple-orchards, containing together about four hundred trees; it abounds with fine timber, oak, hickory, cheſnut and pine; there might be one hundred acres of excellent meadow ground made at no conſiderable expence. The land is well watered, and affords a ſufficient ſtream for a griſt and ſaw-mill. A great proportion of the land lies level, and is well adapted to the culture of corn, wheat and tobacco.—There is an excellent fiſhery at Cove-point, and a pond that furniſhes very fine oyſters. There are few places that exceed this for wild-fowl. A clear and indiſputable right, with a general warranty, will be made the purchaſer. Three years credit will be given on bond and approved ſecurity; but the payment of the intereſt will be expected annually. Any perſon inclined to view the land may ſee it by applying to the ſubſcriber, who reſides near it and the mouth of Patuxent river.

JESSE BOURNE, ſen.

Calvert county, May 8, 1790. 10 20 7½

The ſubſcriber has for SALE, lately imported in the Mary, captain Bodfield, from LONDON, the following GOODS, aſſorted in packages from £.10 to £.30 ſterling coſt, which he will diſpoſe of at a very moderate advance, for CASH, TOBACCO or BILLS of EXCHANGE on LONDON, viz.

GERMAN Oſnabrigs, Iriſh Linens, Dowlaſs and Sheeting, Lawns, Cambricks, Muſlins and Dimities, Chintz and Calico Gown-Patterns, Romal, Pullicat and Chineſe Handkerchiefs, Lawn and Muſlin Ditto, and Aprons, &c.

The four firſt mentioned articles may be purchaſed by the piece or package, the others in packages only.

JONAS CLAPHAM.

Annapolis, May 10, 1790. 1

IN CHANCERY, May 5th, 1790.

ORDERED,

ON application of the truſtee of JOHN HALKERSTON, of Prince-George's county, that the ſecond day of Auguſt next be limited and appointed for the creditors of the ſaid John Halkerſton to bring in and declare their reſpective claims to the ſaid truſtee that the ſame may be, on that day, liquidated and adjuſted; and it is ordered that three weeks notice thereof, as ſoon as conveniently may be, be publiſhed in Meſſ. Green's and Goddard's news-papers.

Teſt. SAMUEL H. HOWARD,
Sam: Hepburn Reg. Cur. Can. 1

IN CHANCERY, May 5th, 1790.

ORDERED,

ON application of the truſtees of WILLIAM SPRIGG BOWIE, of Prince-George's county, that the ſecond day of Auguſt next, be limitted and appointed for the creditors of the ſaid William Sprigg Bowie to bring in and declare their reſpective claims to the ſaid truſtees, that the ſame may be, on that day, liquidated and adjuſted; and it is ordered, that three weeks notice thereof, as ſoon as conveniently may be, be publiſhed in Meſſrs. Green's and Goddard's news-papers.

Teſt. SAMUEL H. HOWARD,
Sam: Hepburn Reg. Cur. Can. 1

NOTICE.

ALL perſons having claims againſt the eſtate of EDWARD SPRIGG, late of Prince-George's county, deceaſed, are requeſted to bring them in proved, to

1 Rd. SPRIGG, jun. Adm.

Samuel Hutton,

COACH-MAKER,

BEGS leave to inform his cuſtomers, and a generous public in general, that he has furniſhed himſelf with a parcel of excellent well ſeaſoned timber, and that he ſtill carries on the above buſineſs in all its various branches, and moſt approved faſhions, on the ſhorteſt notice, and loweſt terms. He will take in payment any kind of country produce, for any kind of carriages, or repairs, at the market price. He has ſeveral new and ſecond hand carriages and ſulkeys on hand, which he will ſell low on the above terms. Orders from the country will be duly attended to.

P. S. I want to hire a BLACKSMITH acquainted with COACH WORK.

Annapolis, Cornhill-ſtreet,
March 25, 1790. 4 eop 8w

The Subſcriber hath received, out of the laſt Importations from LONDON,

A GENERAL ASSORTMENT OF

SPRING GOODS,

WHICH he will ſell at the moſt reduced prices for CASH or good BILLS on LONDON.

JAMES MACKUBIN.

N. B. He is again reduced to the neceſſity of calling on all thoſe who have been long indebted to him by bond, note or open account, to make immediate payment, or he ſhall be under the diſagreeable neceſſity of bringing ſuit to the next term. 3 J. M.

Royal Gift,
and the
Knight of Malta,

WILL cover MARES and JENNETS at Mount-Vernon, the enſuing ſeaſon—thereafter one of them will be removed from thence. The price for mares will be ten dollars, half a dollar per week for paſturage, and two and ſix pence to the groom; and for jennets three guineas, and two and ſix-pence. No charge will be made for paſturage of the latter, provided they are taken away by the firſt of Auguſt; but if longer continued the above price will be demanded thenceforward per week. The paſture and fences are good, but no warranty will be given againſt eſcapes or accidents.

The qualities and ſizes of theſe two animals have been often deſcribed, it is only neceſſary, therefore, to add, that they have increaſed in ſize ſince laſt year.

JOHN FAIRFAX, Manager.

March 1, 1790. 4

JUST PUBLISHED,
And to be SOLD,
At the Printing-Office,
Price One Dollar and a Quarter,
THE
LAWS
OF
MARYLAND,
PASSED AT
NOVEMBER SESSION,
Seventeen Hundred and Eighty-Nine.
ALSO,
THE
VOTES and PROCEEDINGS
OF
BOTH HOUSES
OF THE
General Aſſembly. 12

TO BE RENTED,

The HOUSE now occupied by Gabriel Duvall, Eſquire. *Poſſeſſion may be had on the firſt day of* July.—*The above Property will be Sold for Caſh or on Credit. Inquire of*

THE PRINTERS. 3

PITT

WILL ſtand this ſeaſon at Mr. Bullen's ſtables, in the city of Annapolis, and on the north ſide of Severn river, and will cover at the moderate price of twenty-five ſhillings, or one and an half barrels of corn, to be paid before the mare goes to the horſe, or paſs their note of hand for three barrels of corn, payable on or before the firſt day of December next; the horſe will be every Friday and Saturday on the north ſide of Severn. PITT was got by Chatham, his dam, three-quarters blooded, by Figure, eight years old, jet black, in high order, fifteen hands high, handſome, ſtrong and active.

JAMES WILLIAMS.

Annapolis, April 27, 1790. 3

Wanted Immediately,
AS AN
APPRENTICE
TO THE
PRINTING BUSINESS,
On the Eaſtern Shore,
A Lad of good Character and Capacity.

Inquire of the Printers of this Paper.

Annapolis, March 31, 1790. 7

Donaldſon and Gordon,

Coach and Harneſs-Makers, from Philadelphia,

RESPECTFULLY inform their friends, and the public in general, that they have commenced buſineſs in the line of their profeſſion, on the ſouth-eaſt ſide of Gay-ſtreet, ſix doors below Market-ſtreet, where they now carry on the COACH-MAKING BUSINESS in its various branches. Any gentleman who may honour them with their cuſtom ſhall be ſupplied on the ſhorteſt notice, and every exertion will be uniformly made to give ſatisfaction to their cuſtomers.

Baltimore, April 20, 1790. 3

Take Notice,

I SHALL apply to the next Prince-George's county court for a commiſſion to eſtabliſh the boundaries and lines of HAMS's CHOICE and CLARKE's FANCY, now in my poſſeſſion.

CALEB CLARKE.

April 13, 1790. 2

A
SCEME
OF A
LOTTERY,
TO RAISE THE SUM OF
SIX HUNDRED POUNDS
TOWARDS FINISHING THE
NEW CHURCH
IN THE CITY OF ANNAPOLIS.

Sixteen Hundred Tickets, at Four Dollars each, are 6400 Dollars.

1	Prize of	400	Dollars, is	400	
1	ditto,	200		200	
1	ditto,	100		100	
2	ditto,	50		100	
4	ditto,	25		100	
10	ditto,	20		200	
50	ditto,	10		500	
533	ditto,	6		3198	
602	Prizes.			4798	
998	Blanks.			1602	Saved.
1600				6400	

The gentlemen who have conſented to act as managers of the above-mentioned lottery, are—Charles Wallace, John Muir, Thomas Harwood, Benjamin Harwood, John Callahan, Nicholas Harwood, John Davidſon, Major John Davidſon, James Brice, Nicholas Carroll, Frederick Green, William Campbell, James Mackubin, John Randall, George Mann, Frederick Grammar, James Williams, Gabriel Duvall, William Cooke and Joſeph Clark.

All prizes not demanded in ſix months after the drawing, will be deemed generouſly given to the above purpoſe.

The following reſolves were entered into by the managers of the lottery on the 10th of April, 1790, viz.

RESOLVED, That the drawing of the Annapolis Church Lottery commence on the ſeventeenth day of May next, and that it continue from day to day till ſaid drawing be completed.

RESOLVED, That the money ariſing from ſaid lottery be expended in the finiſhing of the building, ſo as to render it uſeful to the citizens as ſpeedily as poſſible, and that no part of it be applied to the payment of arrearages heretofore incurred by the truſtees appointed to build and complete ſaid church.

To the CITIZENS of ANNAPOLIS the above SCHEME is *peculiarly* addreſſed.

THEY have for a conſiderable period experienced, and frequently lamented, the want of a ſuitable place for the celebration of divine ſervice. It is true, that the conditions of the times, for ſome years paſt, has been the cauſe of their remaining ſo long in this ſituation. But it is hoped, (and ſurely it cannot be an idle hope!) that the citizens of Annapolis will now, when it is in their power, exert themſelves to forward the ſcheme propoſed, and give ſuch aſſiſtance to the managers, as will enable them to effect an undertaking of the higheſt and moſt intereſting nature. The humiliating idea of depending *always* upon favour, and *often* upon accident, for a place and opportunity to return public thanks to the Great Author of our being, muſt affect a mind of the leaſt ſenſibility.

If it be poſſible to diſregard our own happineſs, ſtill the riſing generation call loudly upon us to exert our utmoſt endeavours on this occaſion. Their young minds ought, at an early period, to be impreſſed with a knowledge of, and a ſenſe of gratitude to, their Maker, and the ſolemnity of the place ever greatly contributes to fix and ſtrengthen the impreſſion. The influence of this impreſſion extends not only to the more important concern of futurity, but exerts itſelf in the welfare and peace of ſociety, and the happineſs of private life, ſo that, if we wiſh to make them uſeful abroad, and happy at home, this muſt be the foundation. Every other is ſandy, and temporary.

Merely to reſcue ſo noble an edifice from tumbling into ruin, would excite the charity of a liberal mind. But when it is conſidered that this edifice is intended for the firſt of all purpoſes, the worſhip of HIM who made, preſerves, and gives us all, gratitude puts in her claim, and makes that a religious obligation, which, in the firſt caſe, would only be an act of common generoſity.

Upon a view of the ſcheme, thoſe who adventure muſt obſerve, that they not only contribute to accompliſh the great purpoſe for which it is offered to the public, but that the chances are ſo calculated, as to give room for a probable hope (as far as matters of this kind will warrant it) of promoting their private intereſt. This is not mentioned as an inducement to the citizens to become adventurers, for views of another nature will aſſuredly influence *them*, to uſe every poſſible exertion to carry into effect a deſign, ſo intereſting to themſelves and their poſterity. 3X

POST-OFFICE,
ANNAPOLIS.

CONSIDERABLE trouble and inconvenience having ariſen to the late Poſtmaſter at this office, from the practice of charging the poſtage of letters—the preſent Poſtmaſter informs all perſons intereſted, that no letters will, in future, be delivered from his office unleſs the poſtage is firſt paid. Thoſe, therefore, who ſend their ſervants for Letters, are deſired to ſend the Money *at the ſame time, to avoid a* diſappointment, *as this determination will be rigidly adhered to, by*

2 *SAM. GREEN, D. P. M.*

To be Sold, at Public Sale,

On Monday, the 24th of May, at the late dwelling houſe of JOSEPH HILL, *jun. late of Anne-Arundel county, deceaſed,*

THE PERSONAL PROPERTY of the ſaid JOSEPH HILL, jun. conſiſting of negroes, houſehold furniture, ſtock, and ſome plantation utenſils.—The ſale to be at eleven o'clock, if fair, if not the firſt fair day thereafter, and for caſh only.

2 JOSEPH HILL, Adminiſtrator.

To the PUBLIC.

THE ſubſcriber having purchaſed of Mrs. Anne James, widow of Doctor Thomas James, for a valuable conſideration, the genuine receipt for making the celebrated JAMES's WATERS, well known for their efficacy in many grievous complaints:—He gives this public notice, that, on the firſt of June, or ſome time in that month, all perſons who apply at his houſe, in Port-Tobacco, Charles county, may be ſupplied with that valuable medicine. That no one may look on this as a deception, the following affidavit is ſubjoined;

Charles county, ſs.

"THEN Anne James perſonally appeared before "me, and made oath on the Holy Evangels of Al- "mighty God, to the beſt of her knowledge, that the "receipt which ſhe has bargained, ſold and delivered, "to Ignatius Simpſon, was left by her huſband, and "that it is the true receipt for making the celebrated "James's Waters.——Witneſs my hand and ſeal this "30th day of March, 1790."

(Signed) B. FENDALL, (L. S.)

The benefits received, and cures made, by this valuable medicine, are too well known, both in Maryland and Virginia, to need a repetition.

2 IGNATIUS SIMPSON.

Port-Tobacco, April 29, 1790.

West River, May 2, 1790.

RAN away laſt night, from the ſubſcriber, living in Anne-Arundel county, near Annapolis, a mulatto woman ſlave named BET, alias BET COOK, about twenty-eight years of age; ſhe is a tall wench, and has a long viſage, and down look; her apparel I cannot deſcribe, as ſhe has with her ſeveral ſuits, and them very good. The above woman went off in company with a mulatto free fellow named Tom Turner, who follows the water for a living, and calls her his wife. I will give ONE GUINEA for taking up the ſaid woman and ſecuring her ſo that her owner may get her again, or FIVE POUNDS for them both, provided ſhe is under the free fellow's protection when taken.

2 JAMES DISNEY.

To be Sold,
A New Brick Houſe,
In the City of Annapolis,

FORTY feet by twenty-four, fronting on Church-ſtreet and Croſs-ſtreet, next door to Mr. Charles Steuart's, and oppoſite to Mr. Joſeph Clark's; there is alſo on the premiſes a brick building, 30 feet by 18, which may be appropriated for a kitchen, and warehouſe, if neceſſary; alſo, ground ſufficient to make a good garden. The above houſe is well calculated for a ſtore, and the accommodation of a family. For terms apply to Meſſieurs WALLACE and MUIR.

JOSEPH DOWSON.

December 9, 1789. 14

Baltimore, April 5, 1790.

THE PROPRIETOR of the BALTIMORE and ANNAPOLIS STAGE, begs leave to inform his cuſtomers, and the generous public, that he has furniſhed himſelf with a new large STAGE COACH, ſuperior to any of the public ſtages, and that he has procured two complete ſets of horſes and harneſs, to be put on this route, to expedite the buſineſs.

This route will, after the 25th inſtant, be performed three times in each week, leaving Mr. John Starck's, in Baltimore, on Mondays, Wedneſdays and Fridays, at 8 o'clock, and Mr. George Mann's, in Annapolis, at 9 o'clock in the mornings of Tueſdays, Thurſdays and Saturdays, and will perform the paſſage with the greateſt ſpeed that poſſibly can be: The price of a paſſage will be ten ſhillings, during the ſummer ſeaſon, including 14lb. of baggage.

Having thus provided himſelf, at a very conſiderable expence, with the neceſſary means to ſerve his friends and cuſtomers in general, he hopes his exertion will not fail to meet the patronage of a generous public.

3 HENRY STOUFFER.

N. B. He alſo has a private ſtage to hire, with two horſes, by the day, or by the trip.

OROONOKO,

STANDS at Mr. Nich. Carroll's farm called The Plains, and covers at thirty shillings the season, cash, or three barrels of good sound corn, to be delivered on or before the fifteenth day of December next, at The Plains, or in the city of Annapolis, at the option of the owner of the horse. OROONOKO is upwards of fifteen hands high, was got by Old Sweeper out of a Lath mare; a deep bay, and rising six years old; his form is beautiful, and carriage elegant; spirit, strength and activity, are so blended in him as to render him a most eligible horse for the service he is put to.

JOHN MILLER, Overseer.

April 14, 1790. 3

NOTICE

IS hereby given to all persons interested, that I intend to apply to the next county court, to be held for Prince-George's county, on the fifth Tuesday in June next, for a commission to prove and mark the ancient bounds and lines of the following tracts of land, or parts of tracts or parcels of land, lying contiguous and adjoining each other, in the county aforesaid, to wit, BELL-AIR, WOODCOCK's RANGE, Part of LARKIN's FOREST, RIDGELY's ADDITION, and Part of ENFIELD CHASE, pursuant to the directions of an act of assembly lately made and provided.

BEN. OGLE.

April 5, 1790. 5

A LIST of LETTERS remaining in the Post-Office, Annapolis, which, if not taken up before the fifth day of July next, will be sent to the General Post-Office as dead letters.

JOHN ADDISON, Annapolis; Benjamin Allen, Pig-point.

John Bullen, Annapolis; Joseph Byus (2), Lower-Marlborough; George Briscoe, John Baden, son of Thomas, Nottingham; Alexander Brome, Calvert county.

John Callahan, John Craggs, Annapolis; Rachel Chester, Anne-Arundel county; David Carcaud (2), Patuxent; Thomas Carroll, care of capt. Grennal, Leonard-town.

Dawson and Co. John Dalziell (2), Patrick D'Arey, care of William Whetcroft, Annapolis; Frederick Dorsey, Anne-Arundel county.

Jane Fleming, Annapolis; John Forbes (2), Benedict.

John Gwinn (2), Allen Guinn, Arch. Goolder, Annapolis; Henry Griffith, Anne-Arundel county; Redmond Grace, Patuxent.

Hon. Alexander Contee Hanson, Samuel Harvey Howard (3), Joseph Hancock, col. Hindman, John Howard, Annapolis; Samuel Harrison, Herring-bay; Bennit Hutchins, St. Mary's county.

Thomas Johnson, Thomas Johnson, jun. Anthony Jones, Annapolis.

Robert Key, Annapolis; Edmund Key, St. Mary's county.

Samuel Lane, Pig-point; George C. Learey, Prince-George; rev. Mr. Lewis, care of A. and W. Tunno, Charles county; Richard Ledger, Maryland.

John May, Annapolis; Dr. James Macgill, Anne-Arundel county; Andrew M'Whirter, Patuxent; Cornelius M'Clees, care of Jonathan Cotril, Rocktown; rev. Joseph Messenger, Prince-George's county; Samuel Mead (2), Calvert county.

Alexander Ogg, Patuxent.

Raphael Peale, Thomas Price, Josias Penington, Annapolis.

Henry Ridgely (7), John Randall (2), Philemon D. Ridgely, Edward Roper, Thomas Rutland, John Ray, care of Henry Ridgely, Annapolis; John Ratliff, Sinepuxent.

William Smith, care of Richard Fleming, Stephen Sneden, Annapolis; Thomas Snowden, Patuxent Iron-works; William Sinclair, Lower-Marlborough; Catharine Scott, Charles county.

William Tilghman, Annapolis; Thomas Tillard, Pig-point; Robert Teare, Nanfimond county, Virginia; Peter and Gilbert Totten, Annapolis, Nova-Scotia.

Nancy Urquhart, Anne-Arundel county.

William Wallace (2,) Annapolis; John Wayman, sen. Anne-Arundel county; captain Malcolm Wilkie, of the snow Maria, Patowmack.

Robert Young (3,) Nottingham. 3X

F. GREEN, D. P. M.

N. B. All persons sending to the post-office for letters are requested to send the money, as none will be delivered without.

To be sold on a liberal Credit, or exchanged for a good Vessel,

THAT large valuable LOT of GROUND, No. 720, lying on Howard's Late Addition to Baltimore—Upon this square of ground are six good dwelling houses; one of the houses is large, two story high, well finished, with a cellar under the whole house, and a draw-well at the door; the remainder of the houses are strong good comfortable dwelling houses. Each tenement is subject to one pound twelve shillings per annum. For terms, apply to the subscriber living at the Town-Gate, in Annapolis.

PATRICK M'MAHAN.

N. B. An indisputable lease will be given to the purchaser for ninety-nine years, renewable for ever.—As the annuity is coming to the honourable John Eagar Howard, Esquire, he reduces the assessment out of the ground rent. 9X

CASH,

For Continental Loan Office, Depreciation, or Final Settlement Certificates and Indents.

Such as want Depreciation or other Certificates to pay for Property purchased of the State, may be supplied at any time, and with any particular Amount wanted, for Cash, by

tf 46 James Williams.

For SALE or BARTER,

A Quantity of Land in Patents, from 250 to 1000 Acres, situate in Bottetourt and Monongahela Counties, Virginia, will be sold very low for Cash, Produce, any kind of Certificates or Indents, good Bonds, Land, or other Property in the State of Maryland. For Terms apply to

46 J. W.

The high bred Horse HYDER ALLY,

IS in great perfection, and stands this season at Mount-Arrarat (the seat of Doctor Thomas Marshal) six miles below Piscataway, and will cover mares at three pounds the season, and five shillings to the groom, but the money must be punctually paid by the first of September. HYDER ALLY is a fine gray, beautifully dappled, eight years old this spring, full fifteen hands three inches high, remarkably handsome, boney and active: his strong resemblance to his sire, who stood in such high estimation in the states of Virginia and Maryland, and whose colts have been capital performers on the turf, will be a considerable inducement to those who wish to breed fine horses, and the following pedigree, well authenticated, will prove him equal in blood to any horse in America:—He was got by the noted Arabian, his dam by Othello, his grand-dam (an imported mare from the duke of Hamilton's Stud) by Spot, his great-grand-dam by Cartouch, his great-great-grand-dam by Old Traveller, his great-great-great-grand-dam by Sedbury, his great-great-great-great-grand-dam by Childers, out of a Barb mare. Good pasturage is provided for mares gratis, and every possible care taken of them, but escapes and other accidents must be at the risque of the owner.

4X PETER CORNEIL, Groom.

ALL persons indebted to RANDALL and DELOZIER, or the subscriber, are earnestly requested to settle their accounts on or before the first day of June next, which will prevent the trouble and expence of suits, and very much oblige their obedient servant,

JOHN RANDALL,

Who has on Hand,

A GENERAL ASSORTMENT OF

DRY GOODS,

Which will be disposed of on the lowest terms, for cash, produce, certificates, or on a short credit to those only who are generally punctual in their payments.

J. R.

Annapolis, February 22, 1790. 11 tf

The beautiful Horse ROEBUCK,

WILL cover MARES this season at the subscriber's plantation, in Charles county, at the low price of five pounds currency per mare, and one dollar to the groom, but if the money is paid when the mare is taken away, three pounds, and one dollar to the groom, will be taken in lieu of the five pounds. It is useless to insert his pedigree as it is well known, but it may be seen at his stable. ROEBUCK's stock is remarkable, both for the turf and saddle, I believe equal to any in the state. Good pasturage is provided for mares that come a distance, gratis, and great care will be taken of them; but I will not be answerable for accidents or escapes.

WILLIAM M. WILKINSON.

Charles county, March 6, 1790. 7

Annapolis, January 1, 1790.

In the PRESS, and now PUBLISHING by SUBSCRIPTION, by S. CLARK,

The Christian's New and Complete

FAMILY BIBLE:

OR,

UNIVERSAL LIBRARY OF DIVINE KNOWLEDGE:

Being a clear, full, and comprehensive Exposition and Commentary on the

HOLY SCRIPTURES,

Containing the Sacred Texts of the

OLD and NEW TESTAMENTS,

With the Apocrypha at large:

Illustrated with Annotations and Commentaries—wherein obscure Passages are made clear and familiar—seeming Contradictions reconciled—mistranslations rectified—important truths confirmed—and deism and infidelity fully confuted.

Together with practical reflections on each chapter, and notes, historical, chronological, biographical, moral and divine; by those eminent writers Henry, Doddridge, Gill, Brown, Stackhouse, Burkitt, Orvald, &c. &c. The whole forming a complete

Body of Christian Divinity,

Calculated to enlighten the understanding, purify the heart, promote the cause of holiness, and make men wise unto salvation.

CONDITIONS.

I. THE work will be handsomely printed in Folio, with a beautiful large new type, on fine demy paper.

II. The whole will be comprised in eighty numbers, at one eighth of a dollar each. If it unavoidably should exceed that number, the overplus will be delivered gratis.

III. A number shall be delivered every Saturday morning, stitched.

IV. Number I. will be published on Saturday, May first, with which will be given an elegant frontispiece; and the subsequent numbers will be delivered regularly every week till the work is compleat. That every person may judge of the excellence of this inestimable work, the first number may be seen as a specimen, and if not approved, the money shall be returned.

V. Those who subscribe for twelve copies shall have one gratis.

VI. In the course of the work will be given a variety of elegant copperplates.

VII. To the last number will be added a list of the encouragers of this inestimable work.

VIII. The following is the size of the type with which the work is printed, which is well calculated for the use of churches:

IX. As 56 numbers are already printed off, subscribers may be supplied with as many numbers, weekly, as they may find convenient.——The whole will be finished in June next.

In the Beginning God created the, &c.

The Subscriber has just received a

COLLECTION OF BOOKS,

Together with an Assortment of

STATIONARY WARES,

Likewise a Variety of

SPRING GOODS,

Which he will sell low for Cash.

S. CLARK.

April 28, 1790. 3

Prince-George's county, April 23, 1790.

Agreeable to the directions of WILLIAM CAMPBELL, Esq; agent to the state of Maryland, will be EXPOSED to SALE, to the HIGHEST BIDDER, at the late dwelling house of Benjamin Brooke, deceased, near Upper Marborough, on Monday the 24th day of May next, if fair, if not the first fair day thereafter, the following tracts or parcels of land, viz.

BEALL's CHANCE, FOWLER's DELIGHT, part of GREEN SPRING, part of CHARLES HILLS, and KERNS's ADDITION, containing in the whole five hundred acres; also sixteen valuable NEGROES, consisting of men, women, boys and girls; also sundry horses, sheep, cattle and hogs, and a large quantity of household furniture, consisting of beds with furniture, mahogany chairs, tables, &c. &c. late the property of the above named Benjamin Brooke, taken by virtue of a writ of *fieri facias* issued out of the general court, at the suit of the State of Maryland, and directed to me. The terms of sale are, three fifths of the purchase money to be paid in specie, and the remaining two fifths in certificates issued by this state, to be paid at the time of sale. The sale will begin precisely at 11 o'clock, and continue from day to day until the whole is sold.

3 EDWARD LLOYD WAILES, Sheriff.

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